A fronted adverbial is a word, phrase or clause at the beginning of a sentence that gives more details about the time, place, frequency, possibility or manner of the action in the main clause. We always use a comma after a fronted adverbial to demarcate it from the main clause.

1. Can you place a comma after the fronted adverbial in these sentences?

For example:

After the storm, the people of the town cleared up the damage from the flooding.

- a) Baffled by the mathematical problem the professor felt frustrated.
- b) Under the bridge the misunderstood troll waited patiently for his goat friends.
- c) Once a year the people put on their costumes and partied at the carnival.
- d) Before the holidays the Y6 pupils had a farewell celebration at their junior school.
- e) Almost certainly Eva's team would win the upcoming sports day.
- 2. Now, can you spot all of the fronted adverbials in this extract? Underline them and add in commas in the appropriate places.

Through the bushes Kian searched and searched. Under all of the rocks he hunted but he just couldn't find the potion. He sat down with his head in his hands. Feeling depressed a drop of water rolled down his cheek. Kian reached up to dry his eyes and realised the drop was not a tear. Confused he looked up and saw exactly what he was looking for...the magical potion! It was dangling from a tree in a potion bottle. Like a jack-in-the-box Kian leapt up and grabbed it. As Kian hurriedly ran back his feet hurt and his lungs felt like they might explode. Inside his hands he held the one thing that could save everyone in his village.

3.	Now, write two fronted adverbial sentences of your own, where the fronted adverbials
	describe the time and place of the action in your main clauses.

time		
place		





Spot the Fronted Adverbials Answers

- 1. Can you place a comma after the fronted adverbial in these sentences?
- a) Baffled by the mathematical problem, the professor felt frustrated.
- b) Under the bridge, the misunderstood troll waited patiently for his goat friends.
- c) Once a year, the people put on their costumes and partied at the carnival.
- d) Before the holidays, the Y6 pupils had a farewell celebration at their junior school.
- e) Almost certainly, Eva's team would win the upcoming sports day.
- 2. Now, can you spot all of the fronted adverbials in this extract? Underline them and add in commas in the appropriate places.

Through the bushes, Kian searched and searched. <u>Under all of the rocks</u>, he hunted but he just couldn't find the potion. He sat down with his head in his hands. <u>Feeling depressed</u>, a drop of water rolled down his cheek. Kian reached up to dry his eyes and realised the drop was not a tear. <u>Confused</u>, he looked up and saw exactly what he was looking for...the magical potion! It was dangling from a tree in a potion bottle. <u>Like a jack-in-the-box</u>, Kian leapt up and grabbed it. <u>As Kian hurriedly ran back</u>, his feet hurt and his lungs felt like they might explode. <u>Inside his hands</u>, he held the one thing that could save everyone in his village.

3. Now, write five fronted adverbial sentences of your own, where the fronted adverbials describe the **time**, **place**, **frequency**, **possibility** or **manner** of the action in your main clauses.

Various answers possible.



A fronted adverbial is a word, phrase or clause at the beginning of a sentence that gives more details about the time, place, frequency, possibility or manner of the action in the main clause. We always use a comma after a fronted adverbial to demarcate it from the main clause.

1.	Can you place a comma after the fronted adverbial in these sentences? In each of the boxes, decide whether the fronted adverbial adds more detail about the time, place, frequency, possibility or manner of the action in the main clause.				
	For example: After the storm, the people of the town cleared up the damage from the flooding.				
a)	Baffled by the mathematical problem the professor felt frustrated.				
b)	Under the bridge the misunderstood troll waited patiently for his goat friends.				
c)	Once a year the people put on their costumes and partied at the carnival.				
d)	Before the holidays the Y6 pupils had a farewell celebration at their junior school.				
e)	Almost certainly Eva's team would win the upcoming sports day.				

2. Now, can you spot all of the fronted adverbials in this extract? Underline them and add in commas in the appropriate places.

Searching frantically Kian hoped it wasn't too late to save his people. Through the bushes Kian searched and searched. Under rocks and inside caves he scoured although he just couldn't find the ever-life potion. He sat down with his head in his hands. Depressed and disheartened a drop of water rolled down his cheek. Kian reached up to dry his eyes and realised the drop was not a tear. Feeling utterly confused he looked up and saw exactly what he was looking for...the ever-life potion! It was dangling from a tree in a potion bottle tied with a golden ribbon. Like a jack-in-the-box Kian leapt up and grabbed the bottle. As Kian hurriedly ran back his feet hurt and his lungs felt like they might explode. Inside his hands, he held the one thing that could save everyone in his village.

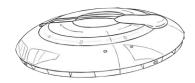
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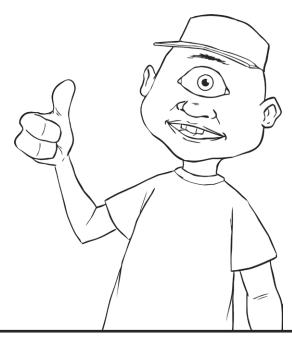




3.	Now, write five fronted adverbial sentences of your own, where the fronted adverbials
	describe the time, place, frequency, possibility or manner of the action in your main clauses.

time	
place	
frequency	
possibility	
manner	









Spot the Fronted Adverbials **Answers**

1. Can you place a comma after the fronted adverbial in these sentences? In each of the boxes, decide whether the fronted adverbial adds more detail about the time, place, frequency, possibility or manner of the action in the main clause.

a) Baffled by the mathematical problem, the professor felt frustrated.

manner

b) Under the bridge, the misunderstood troll waited patiently for his goat friends.

place

c) Once a year, the people put on their costumes and partied at the carnival.

frequency

d) Before the holidays, the Y6 pupils had a farewell celebration at their junior school.

time

e) Almost certainly, Eva's team would win the upcoming sports day.

possibility

2. Now, can you spot all of the fronted adverbials in this extract? Underline them and add in commas in the appropriate places.

<u>Searching frantically</u>, Kian hoped it wasn't too late to save his people. <u>Through the bushes</u>, Kian searched and searched. <u>Under rocks and inside caves</u>, he scoured although he just couldn't find the ever-life potion. He sat down with his head in his hands. <u>Depressed and disheartened</u>, a drop of water rolled down his cheek. Kian reached up to dry his eyes and realised the drop was not a tear. <u>Feeling utterly confused</u>, he looked up and saw exactly what he was looking for...the ever-life potion! It was dangling from a tree in a potion bottle tied with a golden ribbon. <u>Like a jack-in-the-box</u>, Kian leapt up and grabbed the bottle. <u>As Kian hurriedly ran back</u>, his feet hurt and his lungs felt like they might explode. <u>Inside his hands</u>, he held the one thing that could save everyone in his village.

3. Now, write five fronted adverbial sentences of your own, where the fronted adverbials describe the time, place, frequency, possibility or manner of the action in your main clauses.

Various answers possible.



A fronted adverbial is a word, phrase or clause at the beginning of a sentence that gives more details about the time, place, frequency, possibility or manner of the action in the main clause. We always use a comma after a fronted adverbial to demarcate it from the main clause.

1. Match up the fronted adverbials with the correct main clause making sure you add in the correct punctuation including a comma in the correct place. In the box, write what the fronted adverbial is describing.

	several hours later surely	the b	oy waited outside th	e headteacher's office		
the	there was a mountain of books to mark every single day on the teacher's table					
	we arrived at the camp site	my s	sister ruins my mode	l I have just made		
	with a nervous look on his face		e wasn't going to tak	e that man's wallet		

Sentence	time / place / frequency / possibility / manner?

2. Now, can you spot all of the fronted adverbials in this extract? Underline them and add in commas in the appropriate places. Then, write a list of what the fronted adverbials are describing in the correct order.

For days now Kian had been praying there was still hope to save his people. Through the bushes Kian searched and searched. Under rocks and inside caves he scoured although he just couldn't find the ever-life potion. With his head in his hands he sat down. Depressed and disheartened a drop of water rolled down his cheek. Reaching up to dry his eyes he





realised the drop was not a tear. Feeling utterly confused he looked up and saw exactly what he was looking for...the ever-life potion! It was dangling from a tree in a potion bottle tied with a golden ribbon. Without delay Kian leapt up and grabbed the bottle. As Kian hurriedly ran back his feet hurt and his lungs felt like they might explode. Inside his hands he held the one thing that could save everyone in his village. Within a few minutes Kian was nearly at the village excited to tell everyone what he had found. Knowing what this could do to the villagers a small smile began to creep across Kian's face.

3.	Now, write five fronted adverbial sentences of your own, where the fronted adverbials describe the time , place , frequency , possibility or manner of the action in your main clauses
	Time
	Place
	Frequency
	Possibility
	Manner





Spot the Fronted Adverbials Answers

1. Match up the fronted adverbials with the correct main clause making sure you add in the correct punctuation including a comma in the correct place. In the box, write what the fronted adverbial is describing.

Sentence	time / place / frequency / possibility / manner?
S everal hours later, we arrived at the camp site.	
W ith a nervous look on his face, the boy waited outside the headteacher's office.	
S urely, he wasn't going to take that man's wallet.	
Every single day, my sister ruins my model I have just made.	
On the teacher's table, there was a mountain of books to mark.	

2. Now, can you spot all of the fronted adverbials in this extract? Underline them and add in commas in the appropriate places. Then, write a list of what the fronted adverbials are describing in the correct order.

For days now, Kian had been praying there was still hope to save his people. Through the bushes, Kian searched and searched. Under rocks and inside caves, he scoured although he just couldn't find the ever-life potion. With his head in his hands, he sat down. Depressed and disheartened, a drop of water rolled down his cheek. Reaching up to dry his eyes, he realised the drop was not a tear. Feeling utterly confused, he looked up and saw exactly what he was looking for...the ever-life potion! It was dangling from a tree in a potion bottle tied with a golden ribbon. Without delay, Kian leapt up and grabbed the bottle. As Kian hurriedly ran back, his feet hurt and his lungs felt like they might explode. Inside his hands, he held the one thing that could save everyone in his village. Within a few minutes, Kian was nearly at the village excited to tell everyone what he had found. Knowing what this could do to the villagers, a small smile began to creep across Kian's face.

frequency	place	place	manner	manner	manner
manner	time	manner	place	time	possibility





3. Now, write five fronted adverbial sentences of your own, where the fronted adverbials describe the time, place, frequency, possibility or manner of the action in your main clauses.

Various answers possible.



